Statement

States	1996		1995		1994	
	Mills	Workers	Mills	Workers	Mills	Workers
Assam	–	–	–	–	1	569
Gujarat	1	901	3	6035	3	6870
Haryana	1	871	1	847	–	–
Maharashtra	–	–	1	3602	2	2657
Tamil Nadu	3	4739	4	1435	–	–
Uttar Pradesh	–	–	1	1442	2	4917
West Bengal	–	–	1	3687	–	–
Rajasthan	1	933	–	–	–	–
TOTAL	6	7444	11	17048	8	15013

[Translation]

Textile Mills in Rajasthan

6515. PROF. RASA SINGH RAWAT : Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state :

(a) the number of cotton, polyester, synthetic and woollen mills at present in Rajasthan alongwith the locations thereof and the quantum of cloth manufactured by them; and

(b) the efforts being made by the Government for the revival of the mills that have been closed down ?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES (SHRI R.L. JALAPPA) : (a) (i) The number of cotton/man-made fibre textile mills, synthetic yarn/fibre mfg. units & woollen mills in the State of Rajasthan (as on 28.2.97) were as under :

Type	No. of units
Cotton/man-made fibre textile mills	47
Man-made fibre/yarn Mfg. units	8
Woollen units	69

Cotton/Man-made fibre textile mills in Rajasthan are located at Alwar, Jaipur, Ajmer, Banswara, Udaipur, Sirohi, Hanumangarh, Jodhpur, Sikar, Pali Jhalwar, Dungarpur, Bhilwara and Sri Ganga Nagar.

Manmade fibre/yarn manufacturing units in Rajasthan are located at Kota, Bhiwadi, Udaipur, Jaipur RIICO Industrial Areas Jhalwar.

The woollen units in Rajasthan are located at Ajmer, Bhilwara, Bikaner, Alwar, Jaipur & Sikar.

(ii) The cloth produced by the cotton/man-made composite textile mills in Rajasthan during the last two years has been as under :-

Year	Cloth Production (ooo Sq. Mtr)
1994-95	54,682
1995-96	57,313

(b) The Government has enacted a Sick Industrial Companies (Special Provisions) Act (SICA) 1985 and established a Board for Industrial and Financial Reconstruction (BIFR), with a view to arranging the timely detection of sick and potentially sick companies and for the speedy determination by a Board of Experts (BIFR) of the preventive, ameliorative, remedial and other measures which need to be taken with respect to such companies. As on 31.1.97, the cases of 5 cotton/man-made fibre textile mills of Rajasthan were registered with the BIFR. The further action in respect of these mills will be taken in the light of the findings of the BIFR.

As per available information, there were 7 cotton man-made fibre/yarn units lying temporarily closed as on 31.3.97 in the State of Rajasthan. Out of these 7 units, 2 units were registered with BIFR as on 31.1.97.

[English]

Production of Coal

6516. SHRI S. BANGARAPPA : Will the Minister of COAL be pleased to state :

(a) the details of coal production in the country during the last three years, subsidiary-wise;

(b) whether the Government propose to import the coal from foreign countries, particularly from Australia, to meet its demand; and

(c) if so, the details thereof ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COAL (SHRIMATI KANTI SINGH) : (a) The details of coal produced from the mines of subsidaries of Coal India Limited (CIL), Singareni Collieries Company Limited (SCCL) and captive collieries of TISCO, IISCO & DVC during the last three years are as under :-

(Million Tonnes)

Company-wise/ Subsidiary-wise	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97 (Provisional)
ECL	25.84	27.81	29.65
BCCL	28.75	27.81	27.13
CCL	31.21	30.76	32.21
NCL	32.50	35.20	37.01
WCL	27.24	29.01	31.23
SECL	50.00	53.17	55.30
MCL	27.33	32.70	37.37
NEC	1.99	0.82	0.75
CIL	223.07	237.28	250.65
SCCL	25.65	26.77	28.73
CAPTIVE COLLIERIES (TISCO, IISCO & DVC	5.01	6.08	6.28
TOTAL	253.73	270.13	285.66

(b) and (c) Import of coal is under open general licence and import of coal is not made by the Government or the coal companies. Imports of coal are made by the consumers themselves, considering their needs and exercising their own commercial judgement. Mainly low ash coking coal is being imported by the steel plants to bridge the gap between requirement and indigenous availability and to improve overall blend for technological reasons. Some coastal power stations and cement plants are also importing non-coking coal on consideration of transport logistics and commercial prudence.

Acquisition of land

6517. SHRI GYAN SINGH :
SHRI NAMDEO DIWATHE :

Will the Minister of COAL be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Coal India Ltd. has formulated a plan of action for rehabilitation of people displaced from the sites of newly identified mines;

(b) if so, the details thereof, project-wise;

(c) the estimates of people likely to be affected as a result of execution of new projects, project-wise and package of rehabilitation formulated;

(d) the progress of land acquisition during the last three years, project-wise and target set for 1997-98; and

(e) the details of investment proposed during 1997-98 in the new projects ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COAL (SHRIMATI KANTI SINGH) : (a) and (b) In all the projects in Coal India Limited, CIL R&R Policy approved by Government is being followed in conjunction with Govt. of India package dated 19.10.1990 and packages prevailing in the states of Orissa, Madhya Pradesh and Maharashtra. Salient feature of this policy is given in the attached Statement-I.

(c) and (e) Number of families likely to be affected by new projects and details of proposed investment during 1997-98 is given in the Statement-II attached.

(d) Progress of land acquisition is given in the attached Statement-III

Statement-I

Salient features of CIL Resettlement and Rehabilitation Policy

1. Persons whose lands are acquired will be given, in addition to the due compensation, employment to the extent feasible.
2. Assistance in purchase of alternative land with the compensation money.
3. Assistance in establishment of non-farm self-employment through provision of infrastructure, petty-contracts of formation of co-operatives.
4. Project Affected Persons (PAPs) with less than two acres of land would receive rehabilitation assistance in the form of subsistane allowance or grant to be used in productive investments provided that his